

The role of AI in the mapping of dangerous locations on the road network ITF reports on Data-Driven Transport Safety and Best Practice for Urban Road Safety

Alexandre Santacreu ITF roundtable, 10-12 February 2021







Safer City Streets the global traffic safety network for liveable cities







Rotterdam's road safety model





Rotterdam's road safety model





300+ variables per road section / junction

Infrastructure	Road design: road width, curvature, max speed, road type, etc. Road objects: light poles, traffic bumps, traffic islands, etc.
Usage/behaviour	Traffic intensity, actual speeds driven, hard braking, etc.
Surroundings	Demography, vehicle ownership, shops, schools, etc.
Subjective	Reports from citizens



Hyden's safety pyramid





Paris cyclist hard braking events (GeoVelo)



SEE.SENSE \\ CYCLING TECHNOLOGY

ROAD CONDITIONS MAPPED ACROSS THE CITY

Our road conditions data strongly correlates with visual, on site, inspection - highlighting areas of road roughness which may be detrimental to the experience of cycling in the city.

\\ CLUSTER MAPS OF ROUGH ROADS

\\ CORRELATION WITH POTHOLES



Speed mapping and monitoring







Hot spots of speeding events



Top 2% of braking events







Street lighting

Pedestrian footpath both sides

Pedestrian fencing

No pedestrian crossing facility

Straight horizontal curvature

Good road surface condition





Surrogate safety metrics: Key benefits

• **Identify** and **fix** problems before serious harm happens

• Evaluate benefits of an intervention within days, not years!



Conclusions

- Automatic data collection is possible through instrumented floating vehicles and/or smartphones reporting information along the way.
- Active safety systems can also be considered among surrogate safety metrics (e.g. ABS, ESP, AEB).
- Conduct research on the validation of surrogate safety metrics

International **Transport Forum**



New Directions for Data-Driven Transport Safety



Corporate Partnership Board Report



Thank you

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