

# Modelling Emissions from Transport In India: TERI

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**Decarbonising Transport in India: Projections and scenarios on the  
evolution of transport in India**

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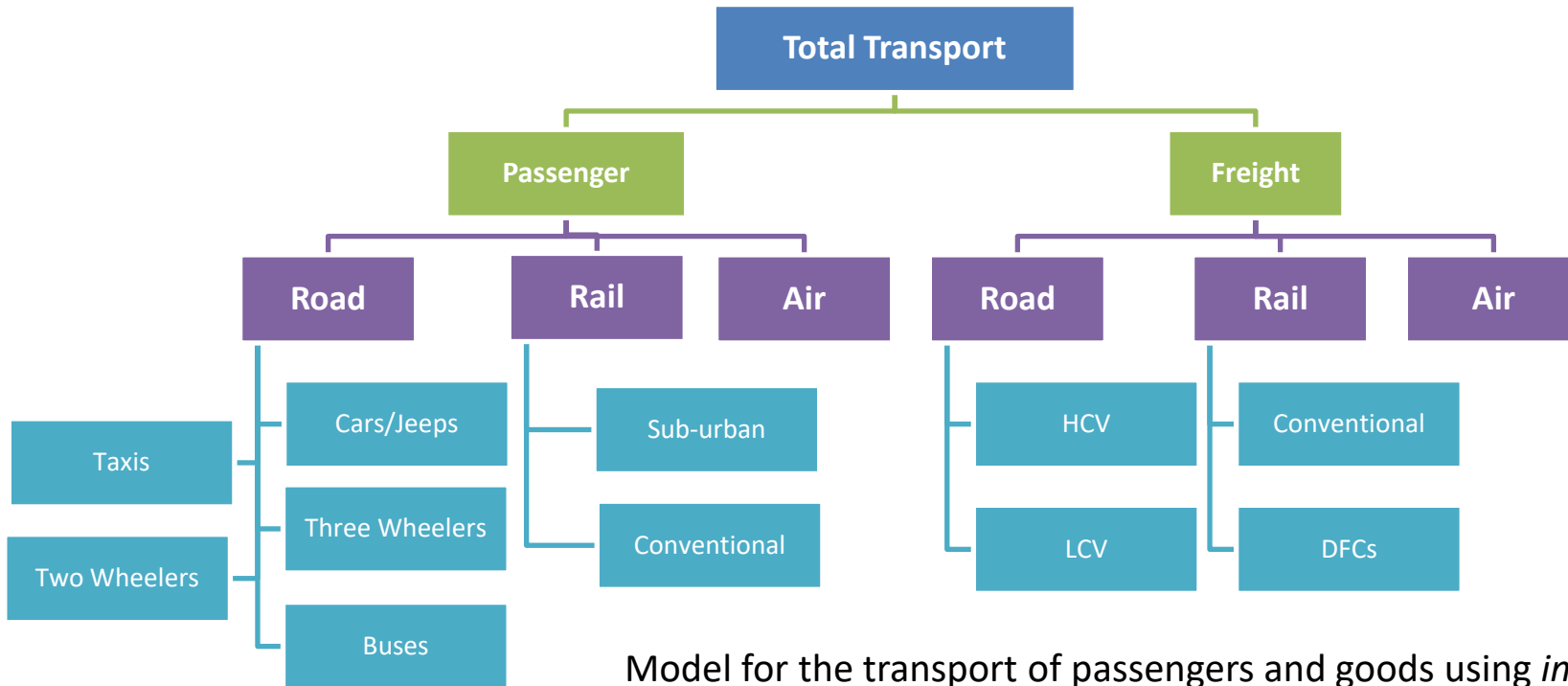
# Available Models: TERI

- **TERI Transport Model:** Excel-based model that estimates the total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of the transport sector in India, 1980 onwards
- **TERI MARKAL:** Bottom-up, dynamic, linear-programming model that depicts both the *supply and demand sides of the complete energy system*. Transport sector among the five sectors considered. The optimization routine selects from each of the sources, energy carriers, and transformation technologies to produce the least-cost solution, subject to a variety of constraints. The user defines technology costs, technical characteristics and energy-service demands.



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# TERI Transport Model: Building Blocks



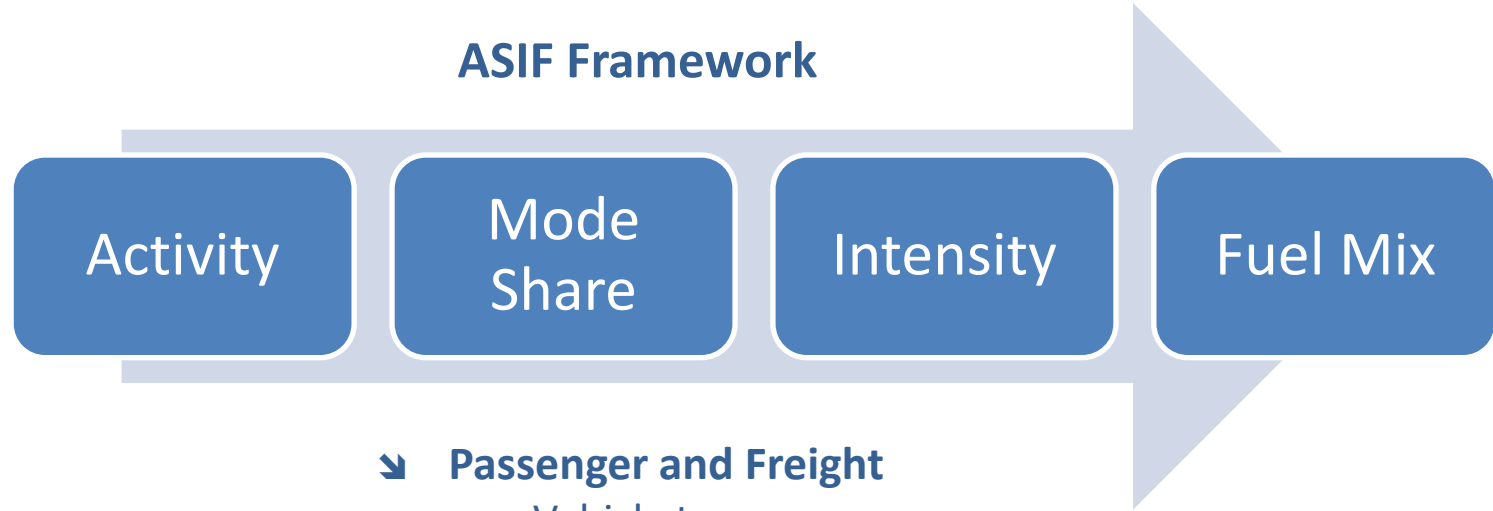
Model for the transport of passengers and goods using *inland waterways and coastal shipping* are being developed



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# TERI Transport Model : Estimating Demand

## ASIF Framework



### ↳ Passenger and Freight

- Vehicle types
- Utilizations
- Occupancies
- Efficiencies



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# Methodology for transport demand projections

## ➤ Passenger Movement

- The on-road vehicles in various road based transport modes has been projected assuming demand for passenger movement to be a function of GDP per capita and population
- Passenger Kilometers =  $f(\text{GDP per capita, population})$

## ➤ Freight Movement

- The on-road vehicles freight vehicles on various road transport modes has been projected assuming demand for tonne movement to be a function of GDP of agriculture and industry and population
- Tonne Kilometers =  $f(\text{GDP of Agriculture/Industry/Services, population})$



# Summary of emission estimation

- Principle factors affecting mobility demand/activity **(Why)**
  - Economic
  - Demographic
- Transport of passengers and goods **(What)**
- Identifying the modes **(How)**
  - Road (Car, Jeep, Bus, HCV, LCV, etc.)
  - Rail (Conventional, Metro, Suburban, etc.)
  - Air
- Appropriating technologies
- Accounting for efficiencies
- Estimating energy demands and emissions



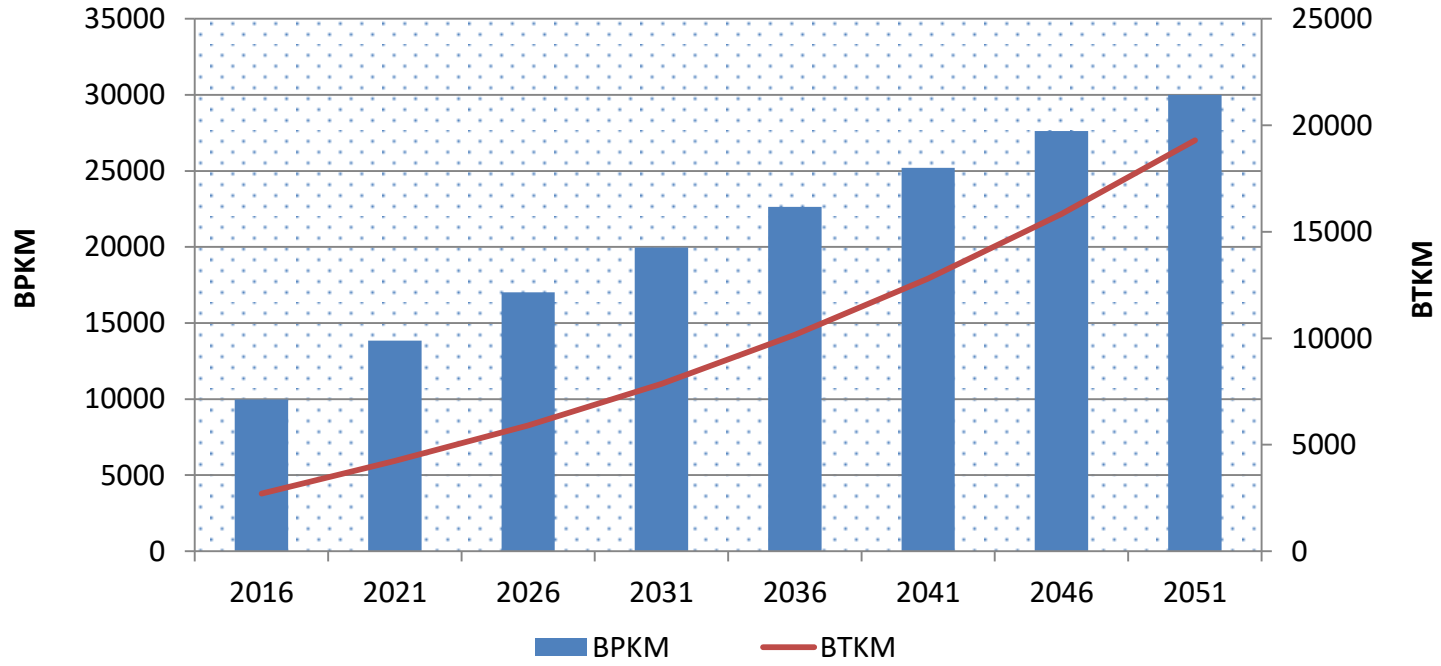


# Policy Pathways Considered

1. Modal shift to Rail/Public Transport
2. Efficiency improvements
3. Penetration alternate technologies in road transport: EVs, FCVs, LNG, CNG, etc.
4. Reduction in transport demand



# Transport Demand In India



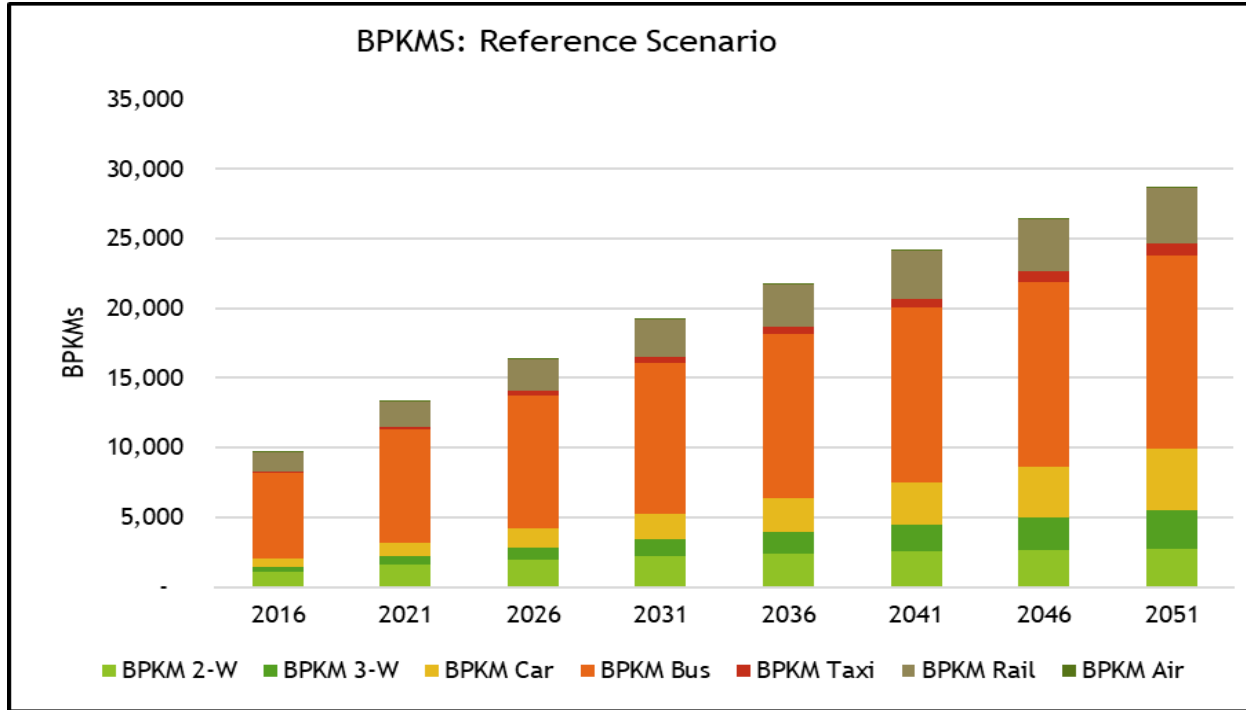
Source: TERI



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# Passenger Demand In India



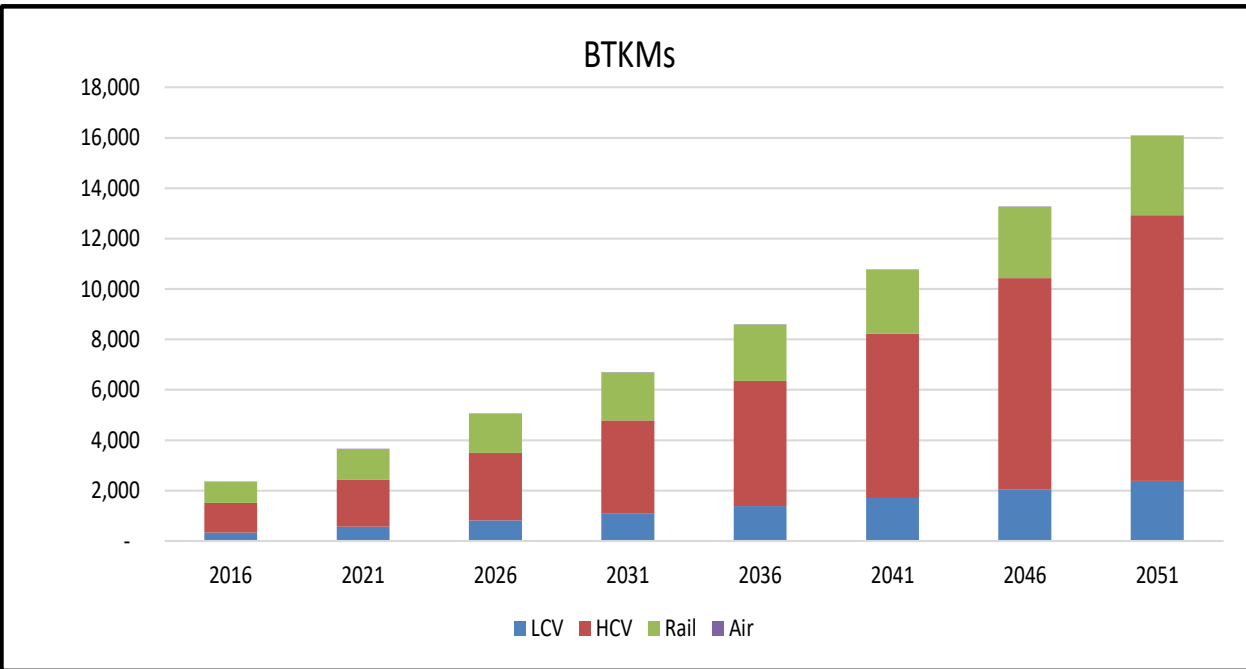
- Passenger transport continues to be dominated by road transport
- Passenger travel demand more than doubles by 2050
- The largest share of the demand (~60%) is met by buses
- With time, share of buses declines as a larger share is captured by private 4Ws, 2Ws and 3Ws

Source: TERI



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# Freight Demand In India



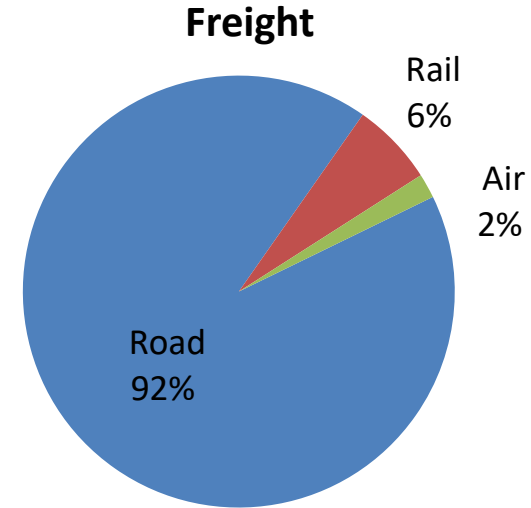
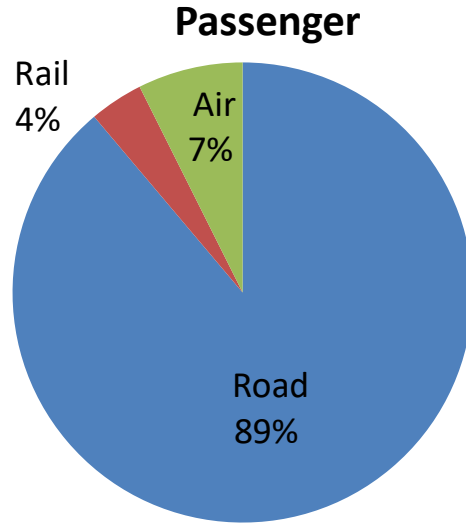
- Freight demand increases almost 4 times by 2050
- The largest share of the demand is met by HCVs
- Role of rail remains limited, without significant policy pushes

Source: TERI



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# Share of Energy Consumption by Mode



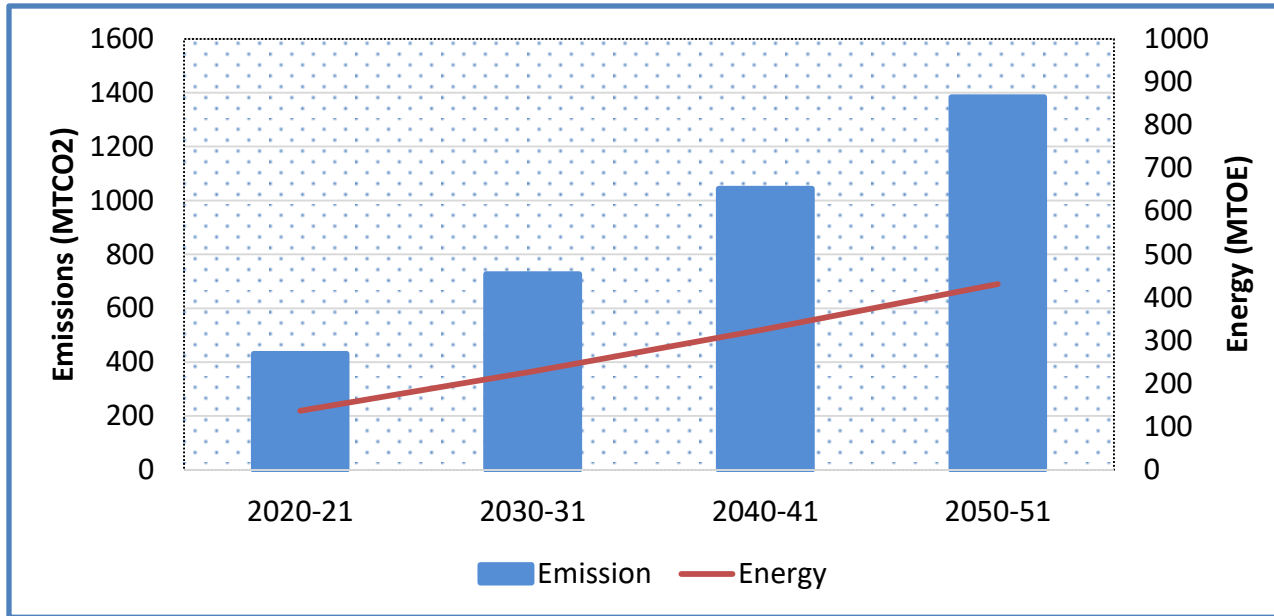
Source: TERI

- Road transport consumes the largest share of energy
- Railways with about 15% of the traffic requires only about 6% of the energy



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# Energy and Emission Trends till 2050



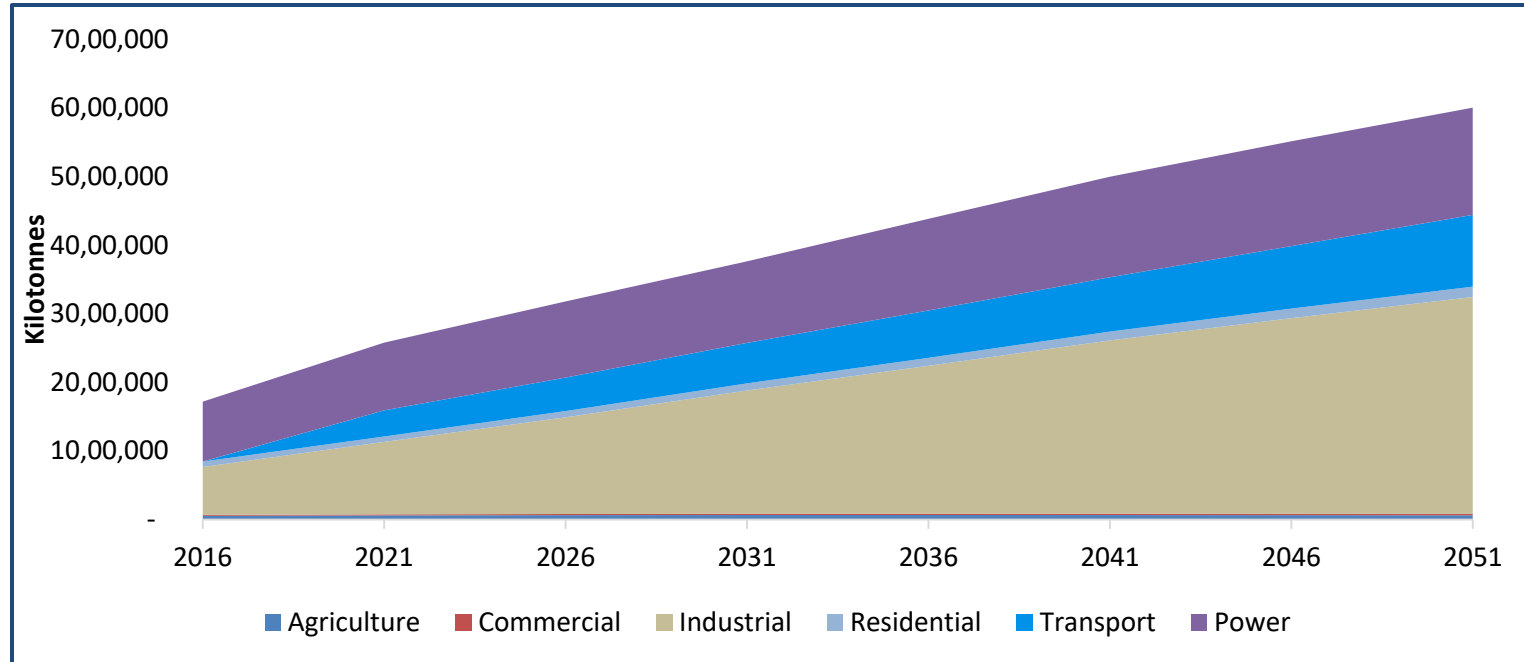
Source: TERI

Transport sector CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (2020)  
430 mt → 726 mt (2030) → 1,383 mt (2050)



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# Share of Transport in Total Emissions (MARKAL)



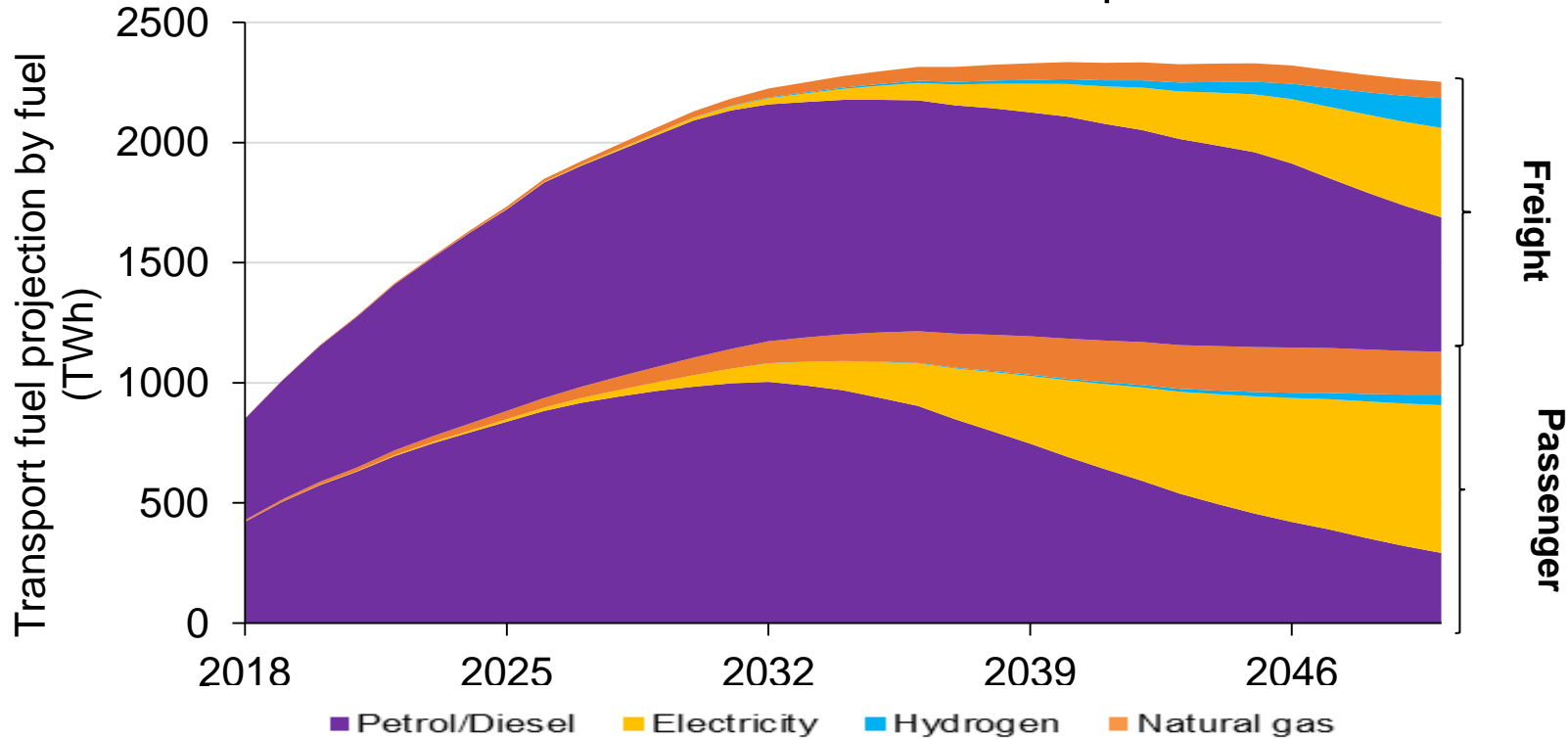
- The transport sector is estimated to account for around 15% of the total emissions by 2020-21
- Without significant policy interventions, this proportion actually increases over time due to the heavy dependence of diesel and gasoline



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# Energy Efficiency, Modal Shift and Electrification Can Allow Transport Fossil Consumption to Peak in the 2030s

## Low Carbon Scenario Transport Demand



Source: TERI



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# Impact of COVID-19

- How to account for major disruptions such as COVID-19 in modelling terms:
  - Rethinking the horizon year in our long-term projections?
  - Ignore assuming things will return to normal and impact insignificant?
    - Change in travel behaviour: Switch to private modes, reduction in PT
  - Adjustments to GDP assuming long term impacts?



# Selected TERI Reports

- ❖ [Faster adoption of electric 2W in India: A perspective of consumers and industry](#)
- ❖ [Switching to a Sustainable Auto-rickshaws System](#)
- ❖ [Integrating electric buses in public transport: Kolkata's success story](#)
- ❖ [Roadmap for Electrification of Urban Freight in India](#)
- ❖ [Benefits of Cycling in India](#)
- ❖ [Impact of COVID-19 on urban mobility in India: Evidence from a perception study](#)
- ❖ [Making Mission Possible: Delivering a Net-Zero Economy](#)
- ❖ [Increasing the Rail Share in Freight Transport in India](#)
- ❖ [Comparison of Decarbonisation Strategies for India's Land Transport Sector: An Inter Model Assessment](#)



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# Thank you

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