



DECARBONISING PATHWAYS FOR FREIGHT TRANSPORT IN THE PHILIPPINES

Dissemination Meeting

25 April 2023 8:30–16:30 Manila

Supported by:

Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Nuclear Safety and Consumer Protection









Welcome and Introduction

Moderator



Dr Guineng Chen

Team Lead International Transport Forum





Welcome remarks



Leonel De Velez Assistant Secretary Department of Transportation





Welcome remarks



Dr Young Tae Kim

Secretary-General International Transport Forum



High-level Opening Panel Session

Is the Philippines ready to transition to a low-carbon freight transport future?

10:00 -11:30



Sustainable Infrastructure Programme in Asia - Transport

Regional studies

- Assess infrastructure programs' scope in Central Asia and Southeast Asia to improve connectivity and reduce environmental costs
- Suggest strategies to finance investments to close infrastructure gaps
- Benchmark national freight transport policies against best practices

National studies

- Develop sustainable transport roadmaps in partnership with national stakeholders
- Identify for which locations, transport subsectors, modes and technologies policies can be most effective
- National studies: Mongolia, Philippines, Uzbekistan





Low-carbon pathways for the Philippines' freight sector

Take stock of the national freight transport system.

Contextualise the sector structure, identify policy priorities and collect data

Asses impacts of alternative low-carbon pathways.

Quantify how policy choices could shape activity and emissions across sector segments

Disseminate best practices for low-carbon freight.

Recommendations for effective emission reduction strategies





Green Fleet Scenario: Calls-to-action

Follow international best practices in adopting fuel economy or CO₂ emission standards for trucks.

Identify use cases for early adoption of zero-emission trucks in the Philippines and incentivise fleet conversions.

Promote efficient ships, for example, with differentiated port fees depending on the environmental performance of vessels and investment incentives.



Seamless Intermodality Scenario : Calls-to-action

Invest in port capacity expansions and maximise utilisation of existing assets to enable maritime transport to capture a higher modal share.

Streamline and digitalise processes to reduce dwell times at cargo transfer points.

Incentivise and enable asset sharing, for example through promoting digital technologies and platforms to connect logistics operators.





Ambitious freight policies can halve sector emissions



Transport Forum



Is the Philippines ready to transition to a low-carbon freight transport future?

Moderator



Dr Guineng Chen

Team Lead International Transport Forum



Mr Leonel De Velez Assistant Secretary Department of Transportation

Mr James Leather Chief of the Transport Sector Group Asian Development Bank

Dr Young Tae Kim Secretary-General International Transport Forum Ms Teresita del Rosario Chief of Standards Developments

> Department of Trade and Industry

Ms Elaine Borejon

Senior Science Research Specialist Climate Change Commission

Lunch break

11:30 - 13:15



In-Focus Policy Dialogue – Part 1

What are the strengths and missing elements of the Philippines' current decarbonizing freight transport agenda?

13:15 -14:15







RESULTS OF THE ITF CURRENT POLICIES SCENARIO FOR THE PHILIPPINES

Mr Diego Botero, Data Officer International Transport Forum



Supported by:

Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Nuclear Safety and Consumer Protection



based on a decision of the German Bundestag

OUTLINE

- 1. HOW DID WE BUILD THE CURRENT POLICY SCENARIO?
- 2. CURRENT TRANSPORT POLICIES
- 3. MODEL UPDATES
- 4. **RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS**





How did we build the Current Policy scenario?

In collaboration with Philippines stakeholders we

- Analysed current transport policies for the Philippines
- Reviewed the planned evolution of the transport network in the coming years
- Updated **international trade** data by commodity and mode
- Inclusion of the three main **nautical highways** and other ferry connections

Combining the effects of each measure, we projected the CO_2 emissions of the transport sector in the Philippines between 2019 and 2050







Current transport policies

This scenario presents the evolution of CO_2 emissions if the current measures are implemented as planned but further actions are not considered.

Technology stocks target for the LCV fleet	Rail freight expansions	Road upgrades	Eco-driving	Improving intermodal dwell time	Change in the energy mix
Target level: 10- 30% zero-emission LCV sales/registrations between 2030 and 2050. (implementation starts in 2025).	Two new rail lines in Luzon (SCR and SLH); operational by 2026.	From provincial to tertiary road: 10-30% by 2030 and 2050.	This has already been implemented. This policy has the potential of reducing CO2 emissions by 1- 2.5% in 2030 and by 5% in 2050.	Truck-to-port: reduced by 20% in 2030 and by 45% in 2050.	A decrease in oil and coal trade is expected to start by 2025.
		From tertiary to secondary road: 30- 50% in 2030 and 2050.		Rail-to-port: reduced by 20% in 2030 and 2050.	
		From secondary to primary road: 10-30% in 2030 and 30-50% in 2050.		Shipping-to-port: reduced by 20% in 2030 and by 45% in 2050.	





Infrastructure updates

Centroids and inland infrastructure



Source: Department of Transportation, International Transport Forum, Open Street Map (2023)







Source: Department of Transportation, International Transport Forum, Open Street Map (2023)

Freight transport is set to more than quadruple until 2050



Total Freight Transport in Current Ambition Scenario (tkm)

International



Trucks and ships remain the main transport modes



Freight transport modal share by year (based on tkm)

Trucks set to increase domestic modal share

Cargo rail is expected to remain uncommon

Aviation crucial for timesensitive, valuable goods

Maritime dominates international trade





Tank-to-wheel emissions to reach 50 million tCO₂ by 2050



50 -40 -Road emissions to increase stronger than 30 -20 maritime despite lower traffic growth 10 -0 -2030 -2050 -. transport is a priority 2022 Road Sea Air Rail

Decarbonising road

International

ransport Forum

In conclusion

- 1. Freight transport is set to more than triple in the Philippines
- 2. Maritime transport will be the dominant mode
- 3. Road domestic transport will represent the main source of emissions in 2050
- 4. It is essential to decouple freight transport growth and CO₂ emissions
- 5. Decarbonising trucks and promoting a modal shift towards more efficient modes are priorities for upcoming years

22

6. Decarbonisation must be done without ignoring the crucial role that sea-born freight represents for the country



What are the strengths and missing elements of the Philippines' current decarbonising freight transport agenda?

Moderator



Mr Till Bunsen

Policy Analyst International Transport Forum



Ms Anne Mariano

Chief Advisor

Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit

> Mr Edmund Trazo Global HSSE Director

International Container Terminal Services

Ms Sofia Fulmaran

Officer Strategic Planning Division Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines

> Mr Francis Ray Almora

Regional Director

Land Transportation Office

Ms Joyce Rivera

OIC Program Manager

Department of Transportation

Coffee break

14:15 - 14:45



In-Focus Policy Dialogue – Part 2

What is the successful pathway to reaching the climate goal for freight transport in the Philippines?

14:45 -16:15







RESULTS OF THE ITF CLIMATE AMBITION SCENARIOS FOR THE PHILIPPINES

Mr Till Bunsen, Policy Analyst International Transport Forum



Supported by:

Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Nuclear Safety and Consumer Protection



based on a decision of the German Bundestag

OUTLINE

- 1. INCREASED AMBITION SCENARIOS
- 2. RESULTS
- 3. POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS





Assessing two Climate Ambition Scenarios



Green fleet:

Vehicle technology improvements through truck fleet renewal Stricter fuel economy standards for diesel trucks Fleet renewal/vessel refurbishment to reduce the share of fuel-oil-intensive ships

Seamless Intermodality:

Infrastructure improvement to increase port capacity Infrastructure improvement to reduce dwell times Asset sharing to increase load factors

Transport Forum



Vehicle replacements and intermodal transport do not oppress sector growth







Ambitious freight policies can halve sector emissions

Investing in more efficient trucks and ships can reduce emissions by 61% in 2050, below current levels.

Zero-emission trucks are the most effective measures to decarbonize road freight

Savings from intermodal transport are lower than in the green fleet scenario, at 22%.



CO₂ emissions by year and scenario (ttw)



Modal shares do not vary significantly between scenarios







Green Fleet Scenario: Calls-to-action

Follow international best practices in adopting fuel economy or CO₂ emission standards for trucks.

Identify use cases for early adoption of zero-emission trucks in the Philippines and incentivise fleet conversions.

Promote efficient ships, for example, with differentiated port fees depending on the environmental performance of vessels and investment incentives.



Seamless Intermodality Scenario : Calls-to-action

Invest in port capacity expansions and maximise utilisation of existing assets to enable maritime transport to capture a higher modal share.

Streamline and digitalise processes to reduce dwell times at cargo transfer points.

Incentivise and enable asset sharing, for example through promoting digital technologies and platforms to connect logistics operators.





What is the successful pathway to reaching the climate goal for freight transport in the Philippines?

Moderator



Dr Guineng Chen

Team Lead International Transport Forum

Mr Arnold Belver

Development Management Officer IV Climate Change Commission

Mr Marion Alcanzare

Transport Researcher Clean Air Asia

Ms Joyce Rivera

OIC Program Manager

Department of Transportation

Mr Felicisimo Pangilinan, Jr -

Director for Planning Service

Department of Transportation







SIPA Philippines Wrap up



Dr Guineng Chen

Team Lead International Transport Forum





Closing remarks



Mr Timothy John Batan Undersecretary Department of Transportation





Closing remarks



Ms Anke Reiffenstuel

Ambassador

Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany





Closing remarks



Dr Young Tae Kim Secretary-General International Transport Forum







INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT FORUM

2 RUE ANDRÉ PASCAL F-75775 PARIS CEDEX 16

CONTACT US

Till BUNSEN Project Manager Email: <u>Till.BUNSEN@itf-oecd.org</u>

Guineng CHEN Transport Programme Lead Email: <u>Guineng.CHEN@itf-oecd.org</u>

Diego BOTERO Data Officer Email: <u>Diego.BOTERO@itf-oecd.org</u>